Psalm 119

'Torah" is not Used 25 Time

word for

"inspect". The

God's persona testimony. "Eye witness

road. The well-traveled

directly by God cause spoken A matter or

Refers to a

Used 7 Times "Orach") ("Derek", Ways

requirements or

nature, such as of a permanent and boundaries Prescribed tasks

corroboration

Whether a matter in the

of the benefits

From Hebrew

Jsed 22 Times "Mitsvah"

relationship covenant for living in a Requirements

"teaching" or also means

addressed in specifically in situations not of God's Word the application call "case law", What we might

> AFTER entering God's people

days, sacrifices, rules for holy

word-for-word.

relationship

marriage, etc

where His Word

consequences

humans stick to right & which God reveals as course which

past or present,

of the Law, bu only the name ment

meaning, but each communicate something very specific.

Judgment Ordinance,

("Piqqud")

("Choq"/ Statute

("Dabar" "Imrah")

Testimon

"Mishpat"

"Chuqqah"

"Eduth) ("Edah"

There are time they are used, & the correct context in which they are employed. These are **NOT** synonyms with the same Command-("Torah")

8 different words used throughout Psalm 119 to describe God's Word. Make sure of their definition each

person/in that place? etc.)

Inductive Study Approach

To facilitate "hearing" God's Word as you study, the Inductive Study Approach employs three basic, sequential techniques:

- Observation
 - Interpretation
 - Application

Observation

Teaches you to see what the passage says and is the basis for accurate interpretation & correct application. Observation answers the question, "What does the passage say?"

Step 1: Begin with Prayer Step 2: Ask the "5 W's & an H"

☐ Who is speaking? Who is this about? Who are the main characters? To whom are they speaking?

☐ **What** is the subject or event covered in the chapter? What do you learn about the people, event or teaching? ☐ When do/will the events occur or do/will something

happen to someone in particular? ☐ Where did or will this happen? Where was it said? Does the location have a relevant past or future mention

elsewhere in Scripture? ☐ Why is something being said or mentioned? Why would/will this happen? Why at that time/to this

☐ *How* will it happen? How is it illustrated?

Step 3: Mark Keywords & Phrases

Step 4: Look for Lists Step 5: Watch for Contrasts & Comparisons

Step 6: Note Expressions of Time

(Don't forget "until", "then", "when", etc.) Step 7: Identify Terms of Conclusion

("wherefore", "finally", "for this reason", "therefore", "so",

Step 8: Develop Chapter Themes

Ignore the ones printed in your Bible and instead write in the margin the theme YOU see, centering on the main person, event, teaching or subject of Scripture. (Sometimes themes span chapters.)

Interpretation

Answers the question, "What does the passage mean?"

Follow these basic rules:

- 1. Remember that context always rules first.
- 2. Always seek the full counsel of the Word of God. (Compare and contrast similar passages.)
- 3. Remember that Scripture will never contradict Scripture.
- 4. Don't base your convictions on an obscure passage of Scripture.
- 5. Interpret Scripture literally.
- 6. Allegories and typology are used to illustrate & confirm, never the basis to replace and/or create.
- 7. The NT has priority.

Application

Answers the question, "What does it mean to me personally? What truths can I put into practice? What changes should I make to my life?"

"All Scirpture is inspried by God and profitable for teaching, for reproof, for correction, for training in righteousness, so that the man of God may be adequate, equipped for every good work."

2 Timonthy 3:16-17 (NASB)