

John 1 • Jesus the Son of God: Works & Witnesses

- (v.1-4) Christ was responsible first for _____, then by His First Coming in effecting _____ through spiritual rebirth, and finally by His Second Coming in _____. It's a work that has a _____, _____, and _____ for us.
- (v.9-13) The power and authority of Christ is extended to include His power to re-create spiritually through _____, which is also a work with a beginning, middle, and end for us as the processes of _____ and _____ ultimately lead to eternal _____.
- (v.15-18) This is why the _____ was only a preparation for Christ to come and fulfill the _____ of the Father that He might reveal _____ to mankind.
- (v.33) The fourth work is an insight into the _____, that He baptizes with the _____.
- (v.42, 47-48) He has intimate knowledge of _____. Christ's awareness of us _____ goes beyond merely being discerning or perceptive to being _____.
- (v.29) He _____ sin. He is not just a moral _____ but the only _____ for sin.
- (v.50-51) He is the way to _____. As the Son of God, Christ is God's "_____ to glory".

The seven names by which John proves Jesus is the Son of God:

- He is the _____ (v.1-3, 14)
- He is the _____ (v.4-13)

- He is the _____ (v.15-18, 30-34, 49)
- He is the _____ (v.19-28, 35-42)
- He is the _____ (v.29, 35-36)
- He is the _____ (v.43-49)
- He is the _____ (v.50-51)

The seven works confirming Jesus in each of these titles:

- He _____ the world. (v.1-4)
- He gives mankind _____. (v.9-13)
- He reveals _____. (v.15-18)
- He _____ with the Spirit. (v.33)
- He has _____ knowledge of men. (v.42, 47-49)
- He _____ sin. (v.29)
- He is the way to _____. (v.50-51)

The seven witnesses to these things:

- _____ (v.7, 15, 29)
- _____ (v.14)
- _____ (v.30, 45)
- _____ (v.33-34)
- _____ (v.41)
- _____ (v.45)
- _____ (v.49)

Many ways but all through Christ:

- John and Andrew through a _____ (John the Baptist).
- Peter through _____.
- Philip called by _____ personally.
- Nathanael through the _____ and Philip's _____.